



Hormonal Activity of Chemicals Detected with Silicone Wristbands

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HARVARD T.H. CHAN
SCHOOL OF PUBLIC HEALTH



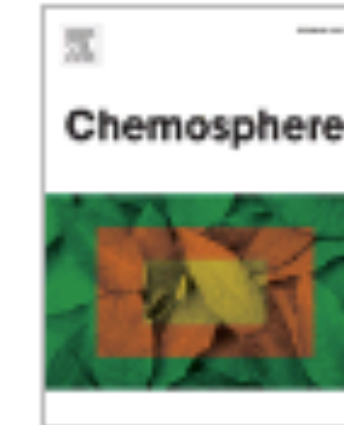
HEALTHY BUILDINGS

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Hormone receptor activities of complex mixtures of known and suspect chemicals in personal silicone wristband samplers worn in office buildings

Anna S. Young^a  , Nicholas Herkert^b, Heather M. Stapleton^b,
Brent A. Coull^{a c}, Russ Hauser^a, Thomas Zoeller^d, Peter A. Behnisch^e,
Emiel Felzel^e, Abraham Brouwer^e, Joseph G. Allen^a

About 70,000 chemicals
were registered globally
in the last decade alone

Wang et al. 2020



16%

are "confidential"

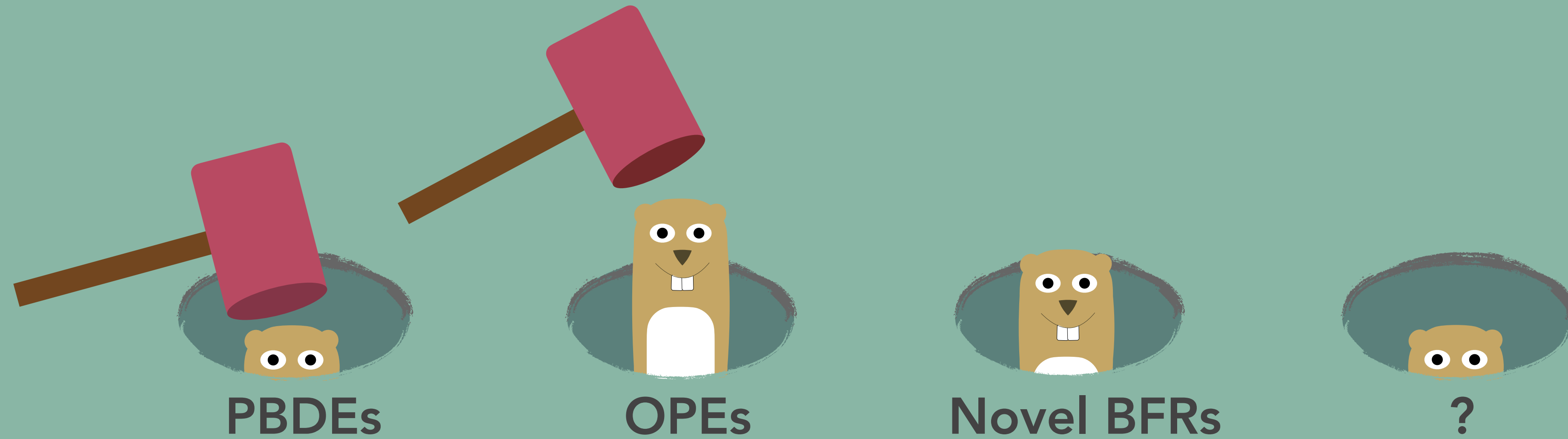
Hormone-Disrupting Chemicals

INFERTILITY
MISCARRIAGE
STUNTED DEVELOPMENT
THYROID DISEASE
DIABETES
OBESITY

BUILDING MATERIALS
FURNITURE
FLOORING
ELECTRONICS
CONSUMER PRODUCTS
PERSONAL CARE PRODUCTS

Chemical Whack-A-Mole

Example: Flame Retardants



Traditional targeted methods that test **only one chemical at a time** cannot keep up with the rate of new chemicals entering the market

We need to evaluate our exposures to chemicals as the **complex mixtures** they are in the real world, not just as individual chemicals



RESEARCH QUESTION

How **hormonally toxic** are complex chemical mixtures in buildings?

RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the
hormone-disrupting potential
of complex mixtures of
known chemicals and
unknown chemicals
that humans are
personally exposed
to in the real-world

RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the hormone-disrupting potential of complex mixtures of known chemicals and unknown chemicals that humans are **personally exposed** to in the real-world

Silicone wristbands worn by 243 office workers only at work

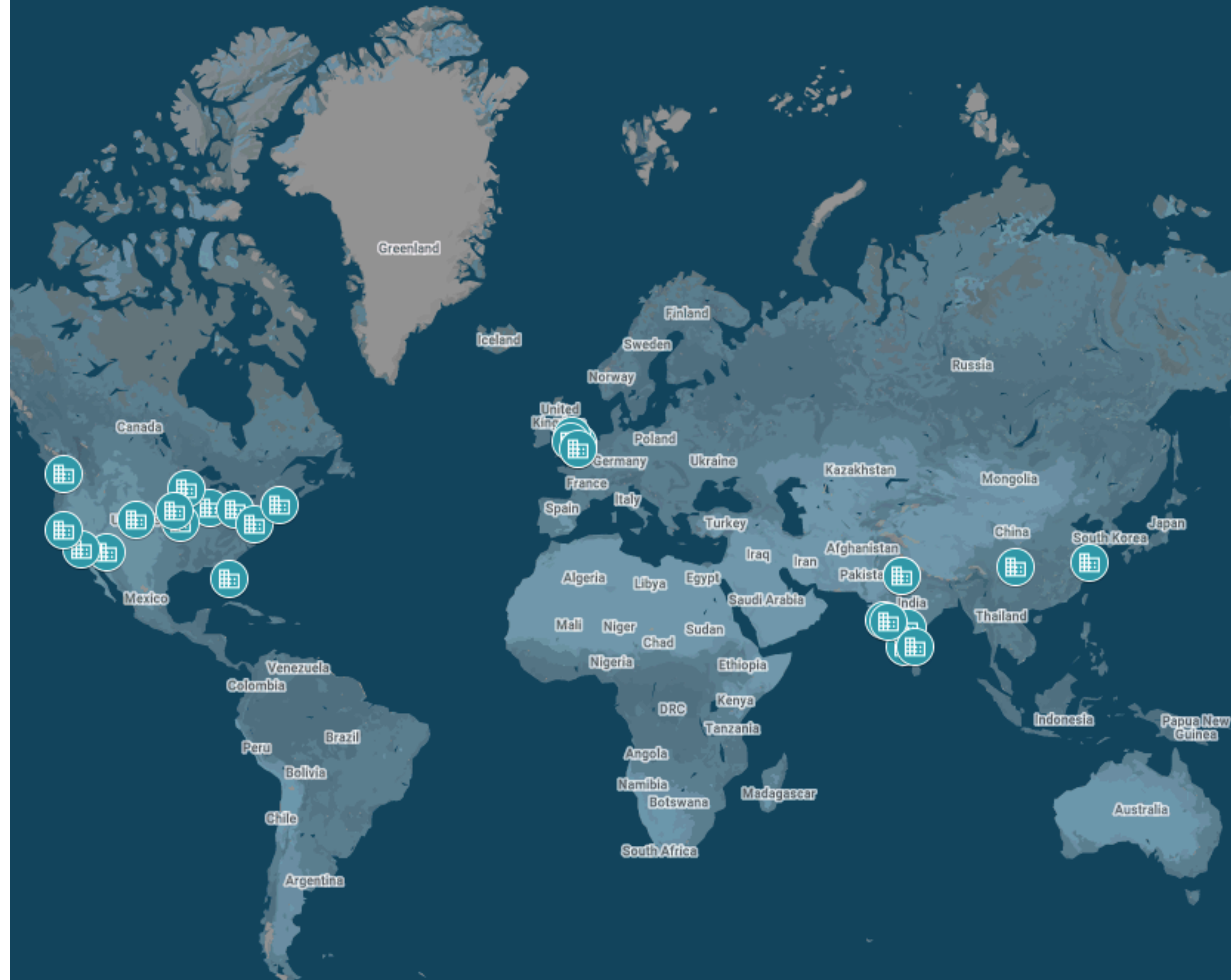
- Simple and non-invasive
- Can be globally shipped unfrozen
- Pinpoint external exposures
- Control where & when you sample



RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the hormone-disrupting potential of complex mixtures of known chemicals and unknown chemicals that humans are **personally exposed to** in the real-world

Recruited from 36 office bldgs in US, UK, CH, and IN in the Global Buildings Study



RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the hormone-disrupting potential of complex mixtures of **known chemicals** and unknown chemicals that humans are personally exposed to in the real-world

~100 targeted chemicals in wristband extracts (GC-MS/MS)

BFRs | OPEs | Phthalates | Pesticides | PCBs | PAHs

Heather Stapleton



Nicholas Herkert



RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the hormone-disrupting potential of complex mixtures of known chemicals and **unknown chemicals** that humans are personally exposed to in the real-world

Suspect screening of chemical features with tentative identities

Heather Stapleton



Nicholas Herkert



RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the
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Interference with estrogen, androgen,
and thyroid hormone receptors in human
cell assays (based on firefly gene)



BioDetection Systems

RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the **hormone-disrupting potential** of complex mixtures of known chemicals and unknown chemicals that humans are personally exposed to in the real-world

Interference with estrogen, androgen, and thyroid hormone receptors in human cell assays (based on firefly gene)

- Rapidly quantify an immediate “health” indicator of exposures
- Reflect impacts from all the chemicals, not just the known or measurable ones
- Capture any combined mixture effects

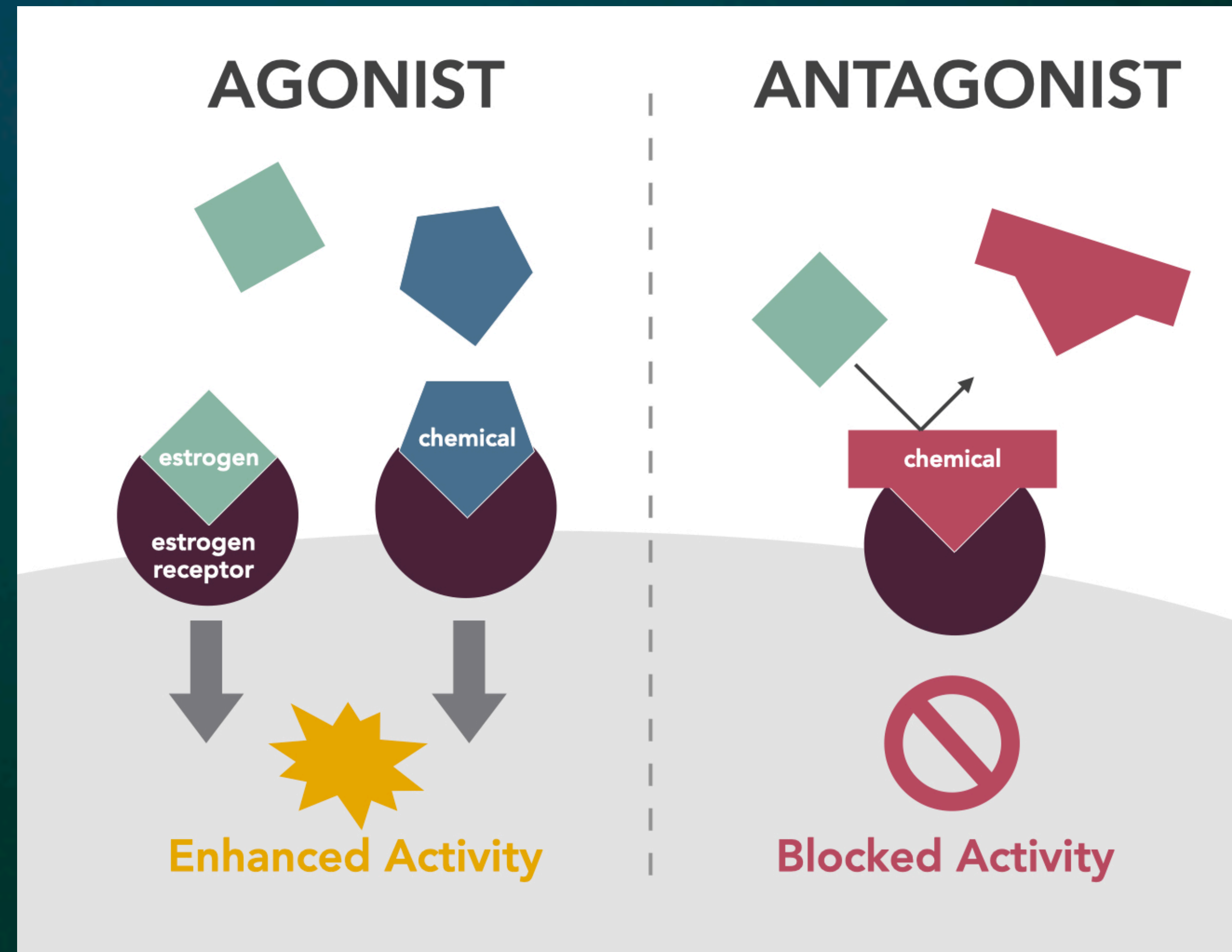


BioDetection Systems

RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the **hormone-disrupting potential** of complex mixtures of known chemicals and unknown chemicals that humans are personally exposed to in the real-world

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RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the **hormone-disrupting potential** of complex mixtures of known chemicals and unknown chemicals that humans are personally exposed to in the real-world

Interference with estrogen, androgen, and thyroid hormone receptors in human cell assays (based on firefly gene)

AGONIST

These nuclear hormone receptors regulate critical genes related to:

- Reproductive health, menstrual cycle, sperm production
- Growth, metabolism, brain function



Enhanced Activity

ANTAGONIST

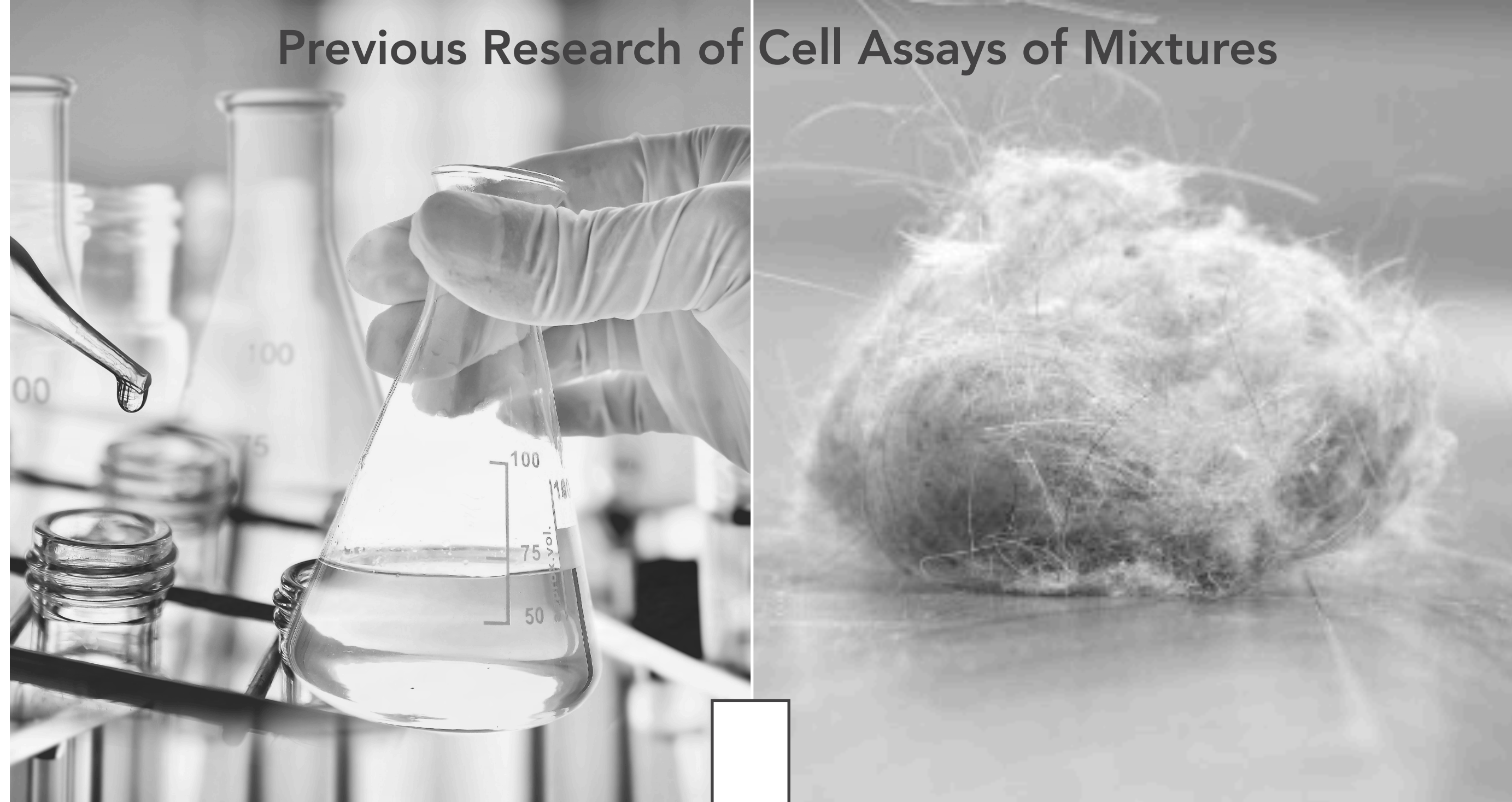


Blocked Activity

RESEARCH GOAL

Evaluate the **hormone-disrupting potential** of complex mixtures of known chemicals and unknown chemicals that humans are **personally exposed** to in the real-world

Previous Research of Cell Assays of Mixtures



Personal Environmental Exposures

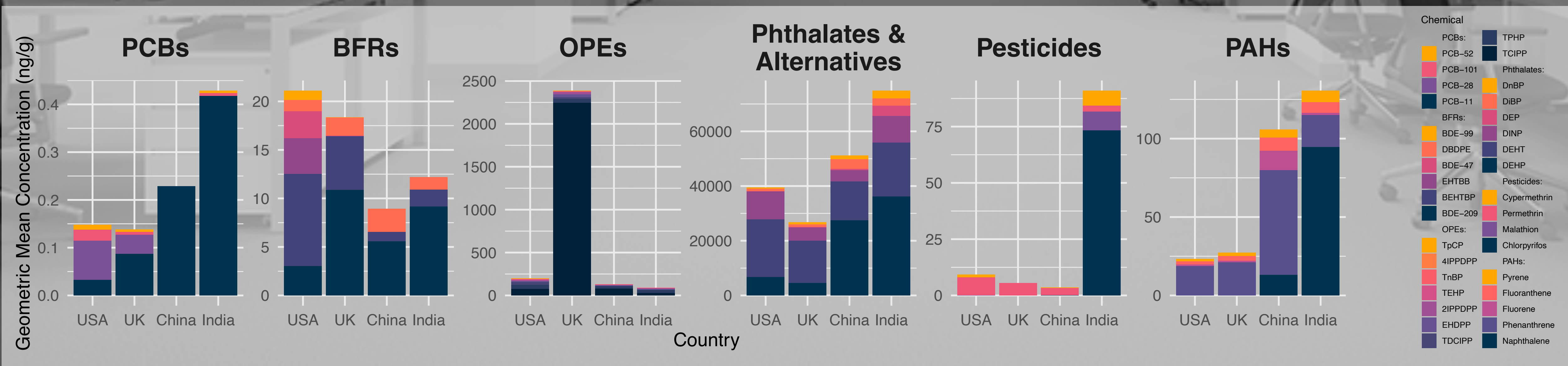


RESULTS

Previous Paper:
Targeted Chemicals

The office workers were often exposed to:

1. Legacy chemicals even after being eliminated decades ago
2. Chemicals not yet banned in some of the countries
3. Substitute chemicals used to replace the legacy chemicals



What about other
unknown chemicals?

>1,000 chemical signatures in the wristbands



~587 were detected in at least half of samples
(with potential duplicates condensed)

The average participant was exposed to ~800

"Fragrance" was the most common reported functional use among the identifiable features

How much can these
complex and unknown
mixtures of chemicals
disrupt hormones?

RESULT

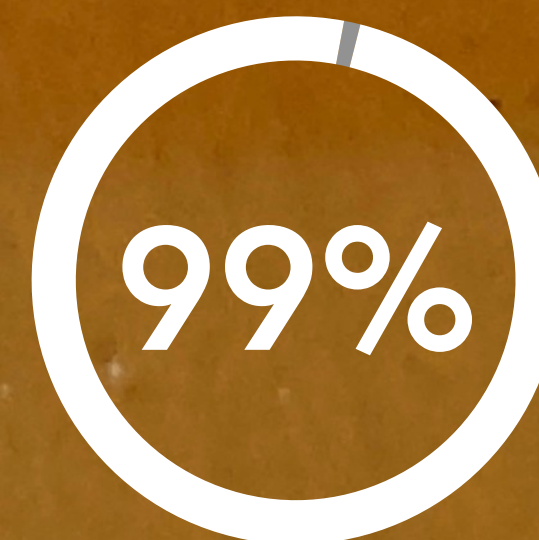
Every single
wristband sample
was hormonally
bioactive

$n=243$

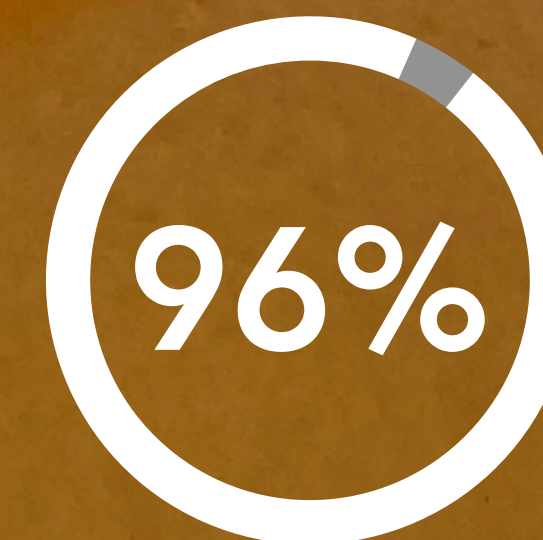
RESULT

In human cells, the chemical mixtures that we are exposed to in office buildings mimick or block hormones

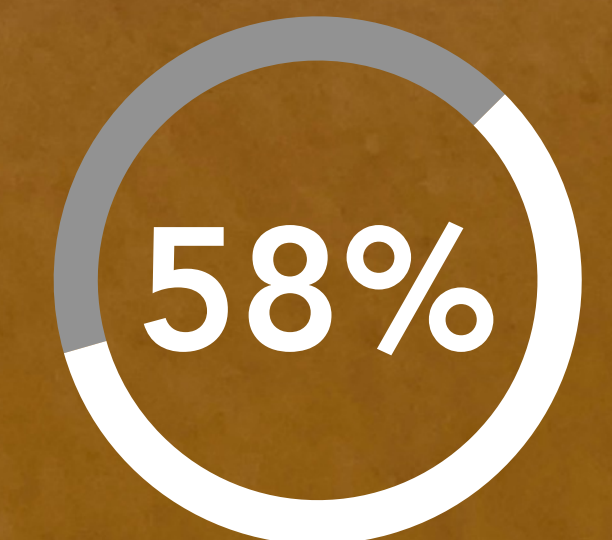
THYROID



TESTOSTERONE

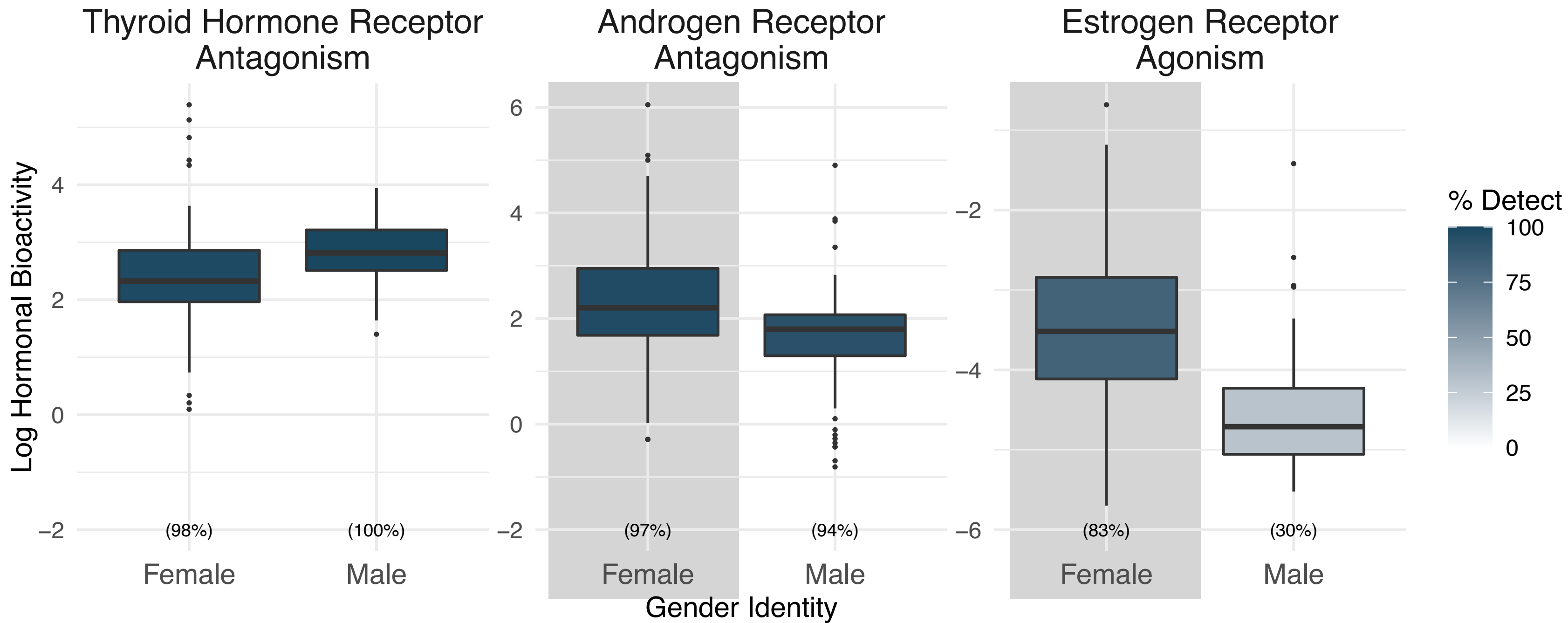


ESTROGEN



GENDER DISPARITY?

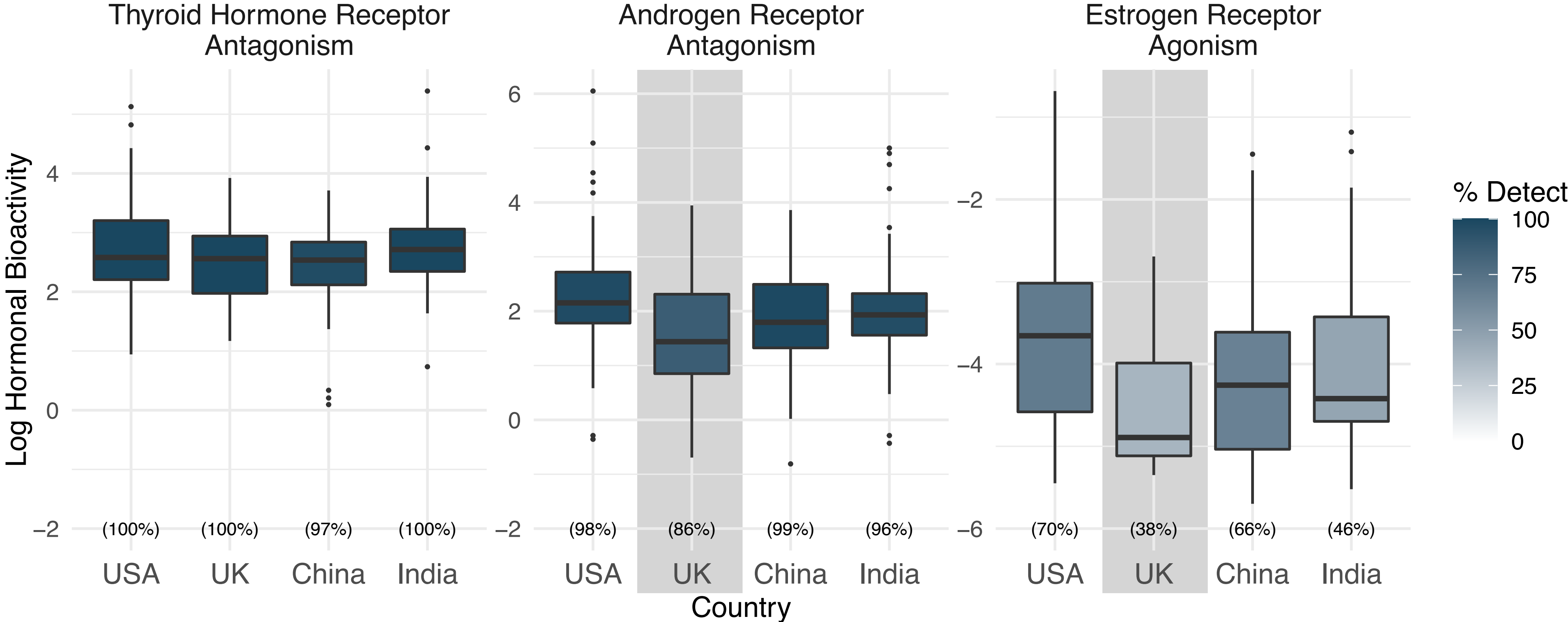
- Female office workers had exposures that were more estrogenic, more anti-androgenic, and more complex
- They were also heavier cosmetic users (based on product surveys)



Adjusted for country, age, and squalene (~sebum skin oil) as detected in suspect screening.
Cannot exclude possibility of influence by endogenous molecules from skin that differ by sex.

COUNTRY EFFECTS

- Workers in the UK tended to be exposed to less hormonally active mixtures



Adjusted for gender, age, and squalene (~sebum skin oil) as detected in suspect screening.

MIXTURE EFFECT

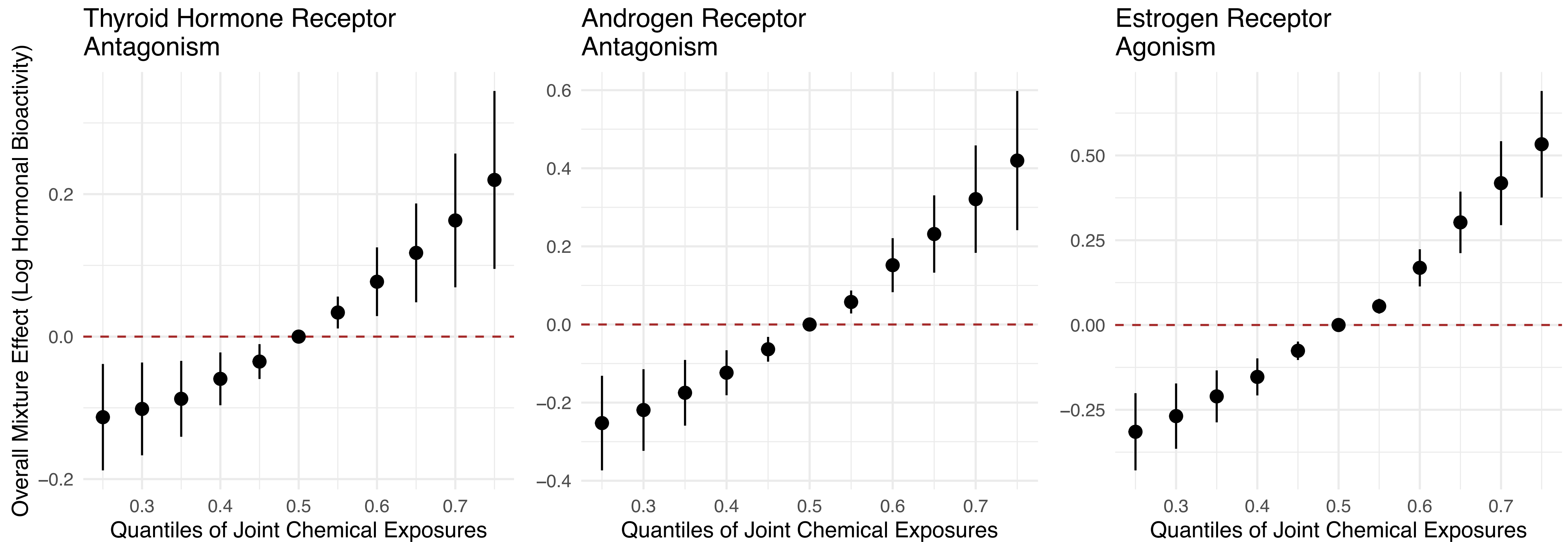
- How to analyze the effects of many collinear chemicals in the same model?

Bayesian kernel machine regression (BKMR) models:

1. Evaluate *cumulative* mixture effect
2. Identify effects of *individual* mixture components ('bad actors')
3. Allow non-linear, non-additive, and multi-directional effects
4. Investigate potential interactions between chemicals

MIXTURE EFFECT

- The higher the levels of all chemicals in the samples, the higher hormonal activity
- True for separate BKMR models of the targeted mixtures *and* the suspect mixtures

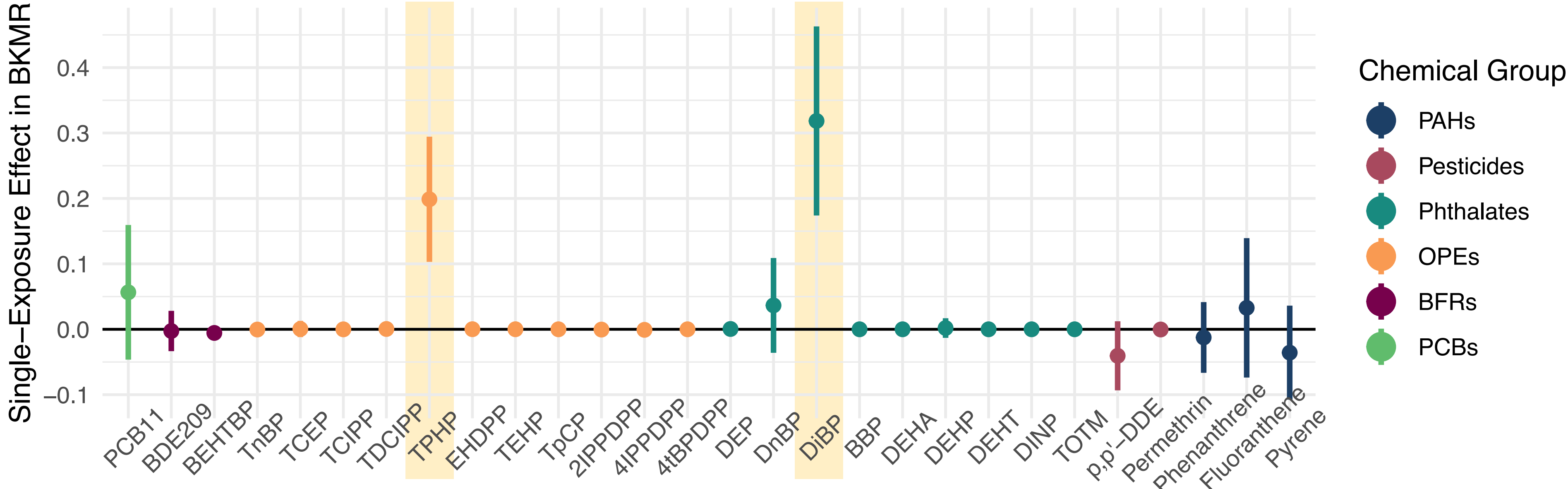


SINGLE EFFECTS

- Several known and unknown chemicals were important individual drivers of the mixture effects (when holding other chemicals constant)
 - Including known plasticizers, fragrance, sunscreen, and pesticide ingredients

EXAMPLE FOR BKMR MODEL OF TARGETED CHEMS:

Estrogen Receptor Agonism

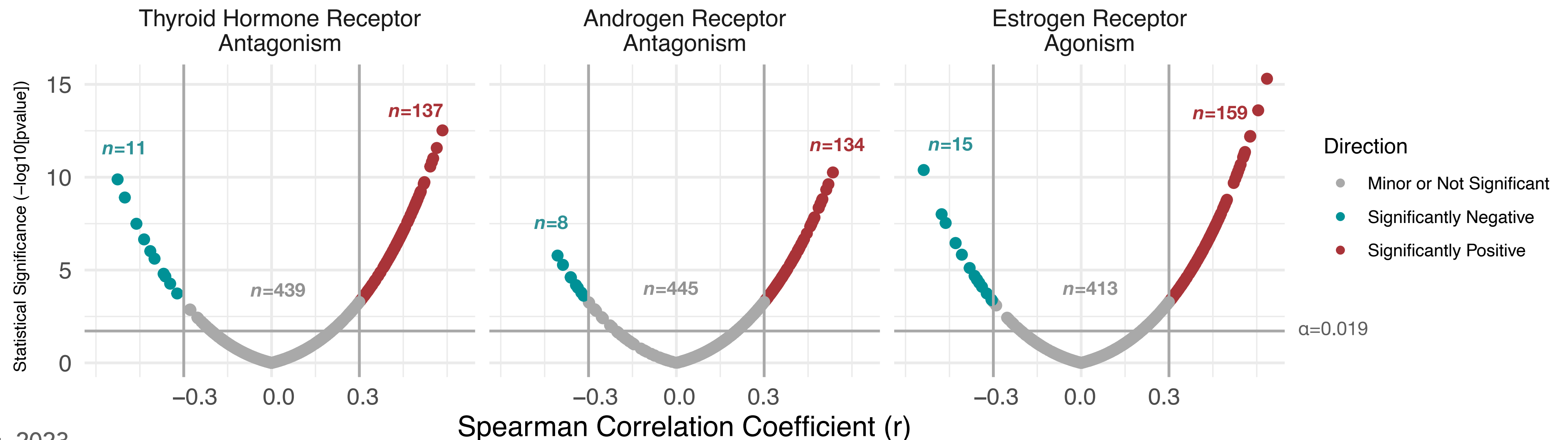


Adjusted for country and squalene (~sebum skin oil)

SINGLE EFFECTS

- Several known and unknown chemicals were important individual drivers of the mixture effects (when holding other chemicals constant)
 - Many other chemicals may have still had contributing effects:

Over 130 chemical signatures were significantly correlated with each hormonal activity outcome



SINGLE EFFECTS

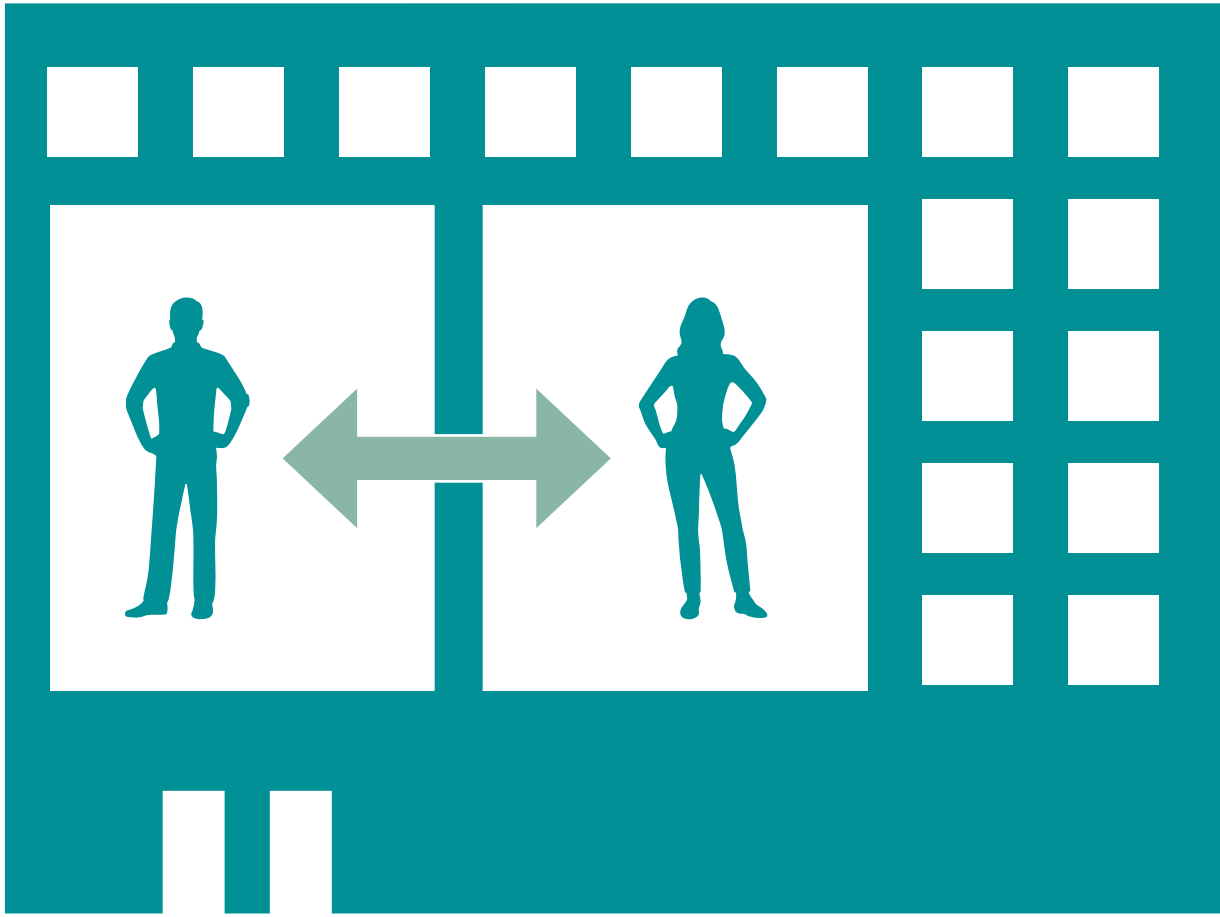
- Several known and unknown chemicals were important individual drivers of the mixture effects (when holding other chemicals constant)

Traditional targeted analyses alone likely miss many hormonally active chemicals

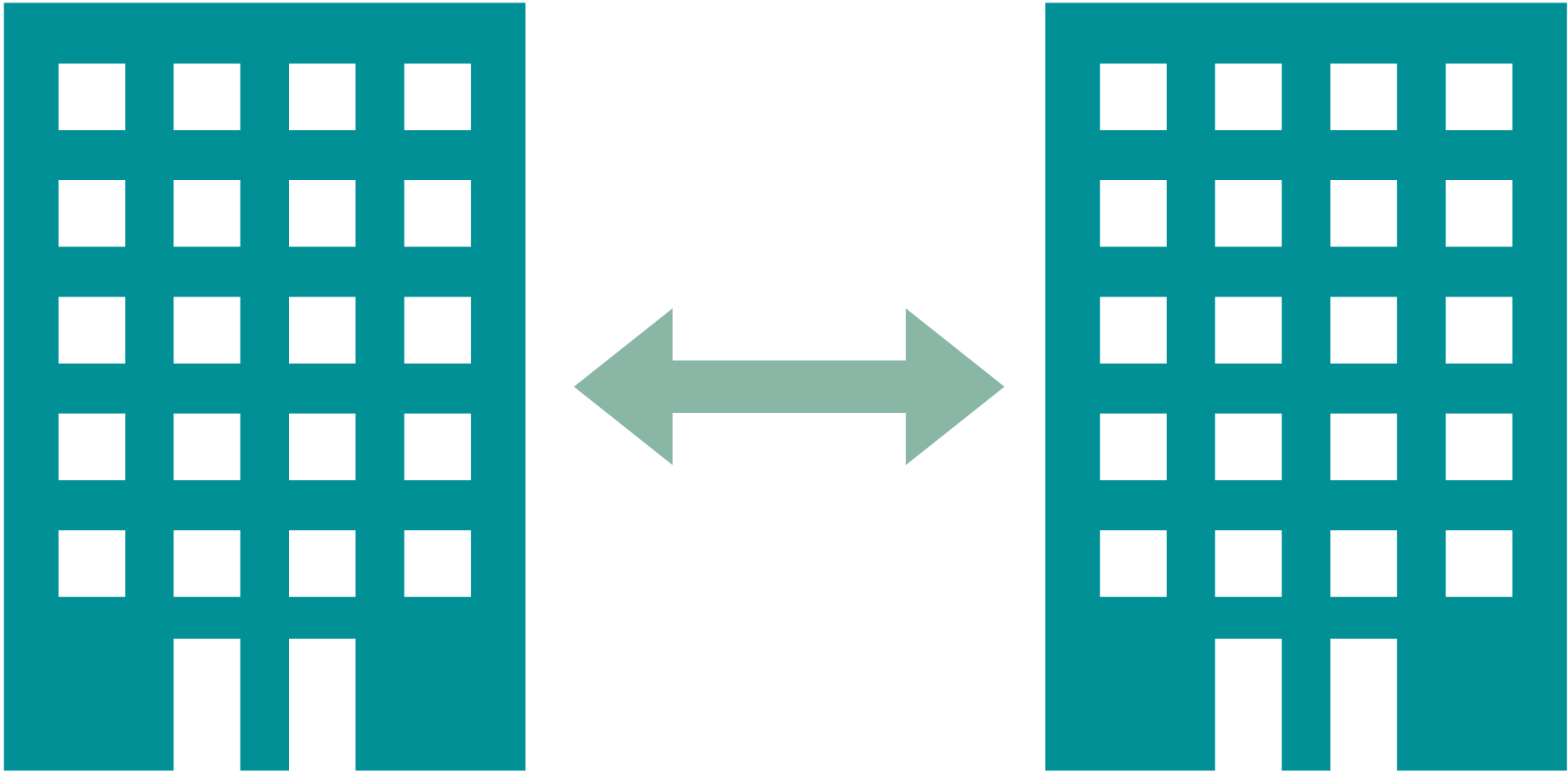
SHARED BUILDINGS

- Micro-environments, personal "activity clouds", and personal care products are important

Within buildings:



Between buildings:



77-99%

1-23%

of the variability in hormonal bioactivities in basic multilevel models

Adjusted for country, age, gender, squalene. Some endogenous molecules from skin contact could potentially contribute to individual variability, too.

SHARED BUILDINGS

- Micro-environments, personal “activity clouds”, and personal care products are important

In previous study, 100% of indoor dust samples were hormonally active in the same assays, and the levels varied between rooms within the same building

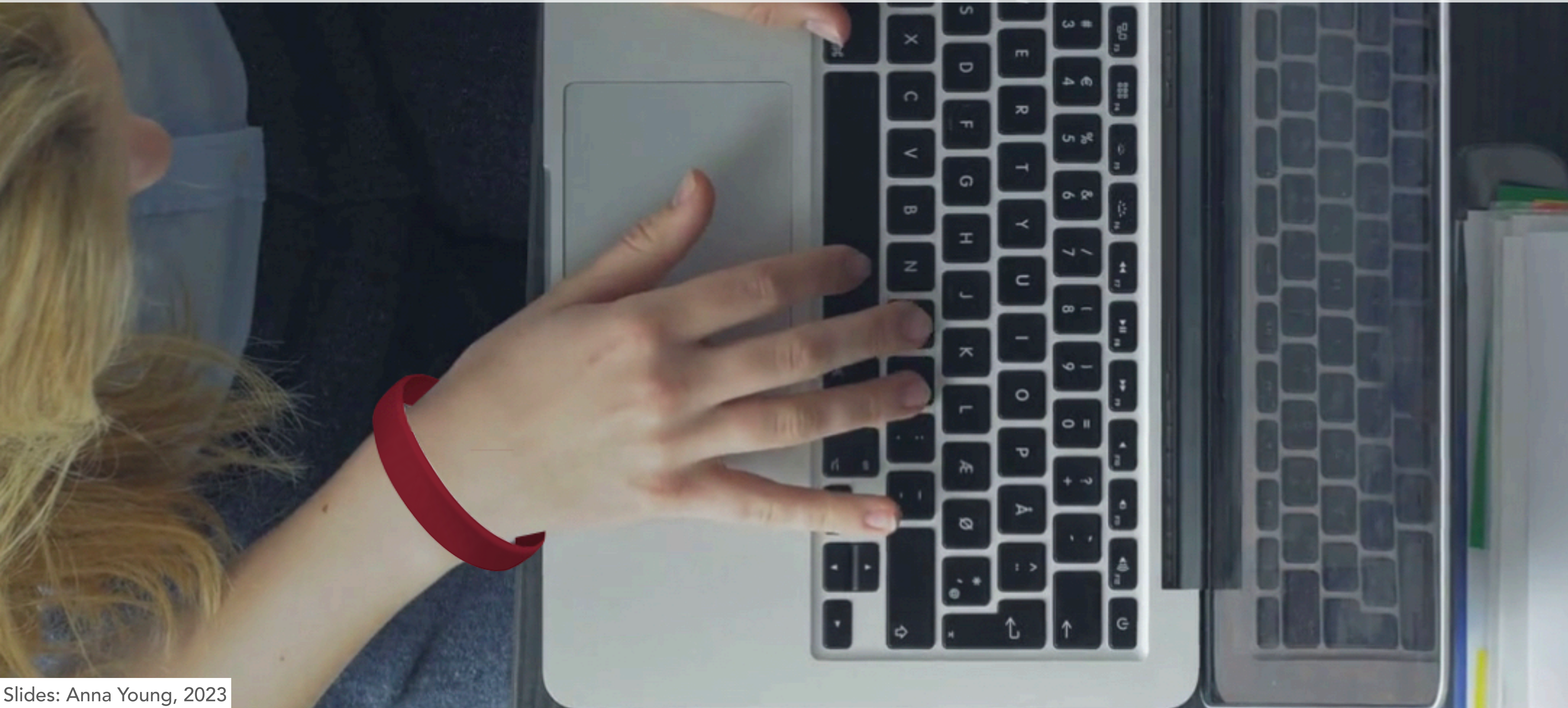


Their exposures:


- were highly complex chemical mixtures
- included many usually-unknown chemicals
- showed strong interference with hormone receptor fx
- demonstrated potential gender disparities
- were influenced by personal care products & buildings




Silicone wristbands were a novel, useful way to sample complex external exposures in workplaces across the world





Feb 2023: cell assays + suspect chemicals



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Nov 2021: targeted chemicals



Environment International
Volume 156, November 2021, 106727



Chemical contaminant exposures assessed using silicone wristbands among occupants in office buildings in the USA, UK, China, and India

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Collaborators

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Heather **Stapleton**

Brent **Coull**

Russ **Hauser**

Thomas **Zoeller**

Peter **Behnisch**

Abraham **Brouwer**

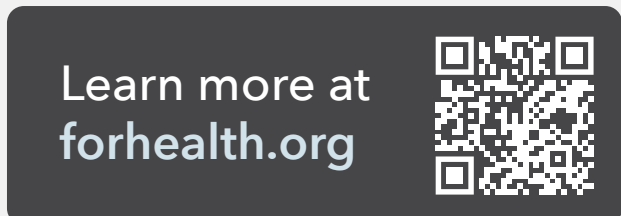
Emiel **Felzel**

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- Harvard Campus Sustainability Innovation Fund
- Research gifts (JLL & Carrier) for parent cohort study



The Healthy Buildings Program's mission is to improve the lives of all people, in buildings and beyond, everywhere, every day.





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